TWO CENTS

LAST EDITION.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, JULY 5, 1907.

Haywood Defense Has Its Evidence Nearly All In.

Moyer Is Among Those Yet to Go on the Stand.

WRITTEN EVIDENCE.

Showing That There Was Conspiracy in Existence

To Break Up the Western Federation of Miners.

Bolze, Idaho, July 5.-The defense in the trial of William D. Haywood is nearing the end of its case. Moyer will go on the stand late this afternoon or tomorrow morning. Six witnesses this morning closed up the loose ends in the net of contradiction in which it is hoped that Harry Orchard may be entangled. Written evidence was introduced to show that a conspiracy, existed between the Mine Owners Association, the Citizens Alliance, the governor and the militia of Colorado and the Pinkerton detective agency, all seeking to destroy the Western Federation of Miners.

The mysterious registered letter sent from Denver to San Francisco and which Orchard swore contained five twenty dollar bills sent to him by George Pettibone, signing himself as "J. Wolff" was explained by Jacob Wolff was explained by Jacob Wolff, who said he formerly worked for Pettibone. Wolff said he sent Orchard a Masonic charm and a union card in a registered letter. The Bradley dispositions upon the explosion in his residence in San Francisco will be read this afternoon.

Proceedings in Detail.

When the Haywood trial was re-sumed at 10 a. m. today there were few spectators in the court room. This was due in large degree to the fact that Boise's Fourth of July celebration still in progress and does not ofcially end until after the masquerade

ball tonight.

The defense offered as the first wit-The defense offered as the first witness of the day Marion W. Moore, of McCabe, Ariz., a member of the executive board of the Western Federation of Miners. As Mr. Moore took the stand Attorney Clarence Darrow announced that another member of the executive board, Frank Schmelzer, was killed in Denver night before last while boarding a train to come to Boise as a witness.

while hasked men arrested, as Harper says the demanded.

The witness was told that his father, John Harper, who had been manager of the union store at Victor, had been deported to Canon City. Young Harper and a companion walk-ed the 35 miles to Canon City and the executive board, Frank Schmelzer, while boarding a train to come to Boise as a witness. tion of Miners. As Mr. Moore took the stand Attorney Clarence Darrow announced that another member of the executive board, Frank Schmelzer, was killed in Denver night before last while boarding a train to come to Boise as a witness.

Owing to this unfortunate clarum.

Boise as a witness.

Owing to this unfortunate circumstance Mr. Darrow said the defense might be compelled to ask for a day's delay a little later on as it would be necessary to secure from various other sources the testimony expected from Schmelzer. The witness Moore and the strike period at length.

TRY TO KILL COPS. sources the testimony expected from Schmelzer. The witness Moore was usked as to the circumstances under which he agreed to take a letter to Alaska for Harry Orchard and mail it from Nome to the second Mrs. Orchard in Colorado. Moore said he first met Orchard in Denver in May, 1904. "I was sitting on a bench in court house square when he came up and introduced himself, saying he had seen me in the Coeur D'Alenes," said Moore. "I saw him several times after this once on Seventh street in 1905. I told him at that time that I was going to Alaska to organize a union at Nome. Later in the evening Orchard came to my room and asked if I would mail a letter for him. It was ad-dressed to Mrs. Harry Orchard and he told me he wanted to get rid of 'that woman.' He said he might come up to Alaska later on himself. I arrived in Nome August 12, 1905, and two days later I remembered and malled the letter."

"That Woman " On cross examination Moore said he did not inquire as to whether the wo-man to whom the letter was addressed was Orchard's wife or not.
Orchard referred to her as "that woman" and said he wanted to be rid of her.

Moore said he had talked with Orchard, but three or four times before the letter incident took place. Following Moore upon the stand came Mrs. Mike Fallon of Butte, Mont. he witness was formerly the wife of Harry Waters, generally known as "Kid" Waters, a "gun man," who operated in the mining regions of Colorado. Waters died in 1905.

"By whom was he employed as a detective?"

"By the Mine Owners' association."
"Did you ever see him in comapny
with D. C. Scott and Lyte Gregory?"
"Yes sir" "Yes, sir."
"How many guns did the 'Kid'

usually carry?"
"Three; they were of all descrip-

"Do you know Harry Orchard?" "Yes, sir."
"Did you ever see him at your

"Yes, the first time in March, 1904." The witness was cross examined but briefly. Her husband, she said, is a miner and member of the Western Federation of Miners.

Owen Barnes, sometimes known as

"Owney," was the next witness. Barnes was implicated by Orchard in the manufacture of certain bombs. Barnes lost both of his feet while mining. He has been a member of the Western Federation of Miners for many years. In 1994, Barnes lived in a cabin near the Independence depot.

Orchard only came there once. Never Made a Bomb. "Did you have any conversation with

him as to the manufacture of dynamite bombs?" asked Darrow.
"No, sir."

"No, sir."
"Did you help or assist in any way
in the manufacture of bombs?"
"I did not."
"Did you ever make a bomb?"

"Never."
"Did you ever commit, or plan to commit, any acts of violence with Harry Orchard?"
"In that district?" inquired the wit-

"No. sir. "Did you ever enter into any agree-ment or did you ever plan to commit an act of violence anywhere else?"

Barnes said that the day of the Independence depot explosion, June 6, 1904, he was attending the Democratic national convention at St. Louis. On cross examination Barnes was asked to draw a rough sketch of the In-dependence depot and the location of ed to draw a rough sketch of the In-dependence depot and the location of the place where he lived, where Or-liabilities are given as \$808,466.

chard lived and where Bill Easterly, Steve Adams and Bill Alkman lived. All were within a short distance of

depot. n redirect examination Barnes said practically the entire mining camp lived right around the depot. Next came Jacob Wolff, a former clerk for George A. Pettibone and in whose name letters containing money were sent to Harry Orchard in San

Wolff said he first went to work for Pettibone in 1895 and remained a year He again entered Pettibone's employ n 1898 and remained in the store til the business was wound up in May, 1906, following Pettibone's arrest and incarceration in Idaho.

Headquarters at Pettibone's. The witness said that many of the Colorado miners when in Denver made Pettibone's store their headquarters. He ofter made purchases for them and allowed them to leave bundles, etc., in the store. He met Orchard at the store, but did not remember ever having seen

Steve Adams there.
"Do you remember sending something to California in 1904?" asked Darrow. "Yes, sir, Mr. Pettibone was in the store opening his mall one day and af-ter reading one of the letters he said

The state objected to what Pettibone said and was sustained.
The witness said he saw Pettibone open and read a letter. Later he went to the postoffice and registered a letter for him.

"What was put in the letter?"
"A union card and a Masonic charm."
"That's the last you saw of the let-"Yes, sir."

There was no cross-examination.
The defense claims that Orchard asked Pettibone to keep his union card, Masonic charm and some money for him when he started west in 1904, following the deportations from Cripple Creek.

Archie Lester Harper, a young man just admitted to the bar in Deover, told of being arrested in Victor, Colo., the day following the Independence depot

"What for?" asked Darrow.

He Talked Too Much.
"I was told that I had talked too
— much in a college debate at the
state university at Boulder. The
question being debated was, resolved,
'That the calling of the militia in
Cripple Creek was uncalled for and
unwarranted.' I was upon the affirma-

Harper said he was taken into custoday by two "white caps." Joseph A. Naylor of the militia, whom the witness knew, happened along and ordered his release but refused to have the white masked men arrested, as Harper

Negroes Make War on the Police of New York.

New York, July 5.—Policeman Edward Conrad was probably fatally injured in a race riot which occurred in Upper New York late last night. Attempts were made to kill other police-men, scores of negroes were severely men, scores of negroes were severely clubbed and five arrests were made before the trouble was brought under

The trouble started when Police-

### LENT PUBLIC FUNDS.

Fred Smith Sald to Let Senator Dick Have Large Sum.

Columbus, O., July 5.—Charles F. Dick, United States senator, has been borrowing large sums of public money, giving as security stock in the Western Cereal company, ascording to the report of Frank Parmelee, state examiner, who has just completed an examination of the books of the city and county treasurer in Akron.

Dick's borrowing of public funds became known as the result of the technical shortage of Fred Smith, former

treasurer. Senator Dick is expected to give out a statement regarding the shortage of Fred E. Smith, caused by lending pub-lic funds to his friends. His shortage is placed at \$172,992. His shortage as treasurer of the county and of the school board is given as \$104,098. Smith has made good the latter and is now trying to square up with the city. Among the securities given Smith by people to whom he had loaned the public moneys, are three notes, given by "Dick & Miles" on July 6, 1906, for \$5,000 each. Only \$1,000 has been paid

\$5,000 each. these notes.
The "Dick" mentioned in the notes
United States Senator Charles Dick. and his explanation of borrowing the public funds is awaited with interest.

#### STOPS TO CELEBRATE.

Halts at Rio.

Washington, July 5-Independence day washington, dily s-independence day was appropriately celebrated by the officers and crew of the cruiser St. Louis at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, where the ship stopped for a brief time on her way down the South American coast. A dispatch from Commander Usher said there were boat races, bisebail and a reception on board the vessel at which the American ambased and the statement of which the American ambassador re-ceived the president of Erazii, cabino officers, senators and naval officers, the utmost cordiality being manifested. In the evening the ship was illuminated. Today the St. Louis sailed for Montevideo. She is bound for the Pacific coast.

Comptroller Closes a Bank. Washington, July 5.—The Fort Dal-s National bank of Miama, Fla., was las National bank of Miama, Fia. was closed today by direction of the comp-

# BIG SUM ALLOWED MR.BEESON'S WAY

pensation by Court.

Fifty Dollars Each.

More Than Others. The supreme court this morning made

an allowance of \$12,750 to the three brewery receivers as a partial allowance of fees in the four cases against the Anheuser-Busch Brewing association, the Schlitz Brewing company, the Heim Browing company and Pabst Brewing belt" of the state, who are not absocompany. The receivers made an application for \$13,500 for this partial allowance but the court cut the amount. Each receiver was allowed the same amount and the costs which had accrued while they were taking charge of the brewery property. The amount allowed each receiver from each company follows: Joseph Schlitz Brewing company .. \$2,000 Anheuser-Busch Brewing associa-

Heim Brewing company 500
Babst Brewing company 500 Total allowance for each receiver \$4,250

With the exception of the Anheuser-Busch case the receivers were allowed all the money they asked for. In this case the receivers asked for \$1,500. This allowance is not the final amount which the receivers will obtain as the total will not be made until the cases are ready to be closed up, the personal property of the brewery companies removed, the real estate sold and the court costs estimated. At that time it is expected that the contract of t pected that the receivers will apply for additional fees in addition to the costs. In the allowance made today the costs which have accrued since the receivers began work were added together and proportioned among the companies ac-cording to the amount of property hand-

ed and the costs will be in addition to the receivers' fee.
In the complete reports of the business done to date the receivers say that they have taken charge of property worth \$100,000 of the Schiltz Brewing company, \$75,000 of the Anheuser-Busch Brewing association, \$10,000 of the Pabst Brewing company. The receivers say they cannot tell the exact amount of property owned by the Heim Brewing company on account of the close busi-

ness relations of the brewery companies The court apportioned costs in the cases to be paid for as follows:

Schlitz company ......\$150 CONTRACTOR MARKETANANA DECLINE WITH THANKS.

# Oakland Doesn't Want to Become Part

of Topeka.

man Conrad seized a negro who was The city of Oakland does not care to discharging a pistol on the streets, get married. Topeka has made some Immediately hundreds of negroes ran to his aid, seized the policeman, slashd him with razors and kicked and ern suburban town but Oakland returns White residents came to the love hunter with an icy hauteur in beat him. White residents came to Conrad's aid and in a few moments a goodly row was on. Reserves from two precincts had to be called to quell the Topska city council made relative to the Topeka city council made relative to taking in Oakland.

"I am instructed," says the city clerk, "by the mayor and council of this city to say that while your cordial invitation to them and to the citizens of Oakland to become annexed to the city of To-peka, is appreciated, under existing circumstances there would be some results from such action which might be disadvantageous rather than beneficial to the tax payers in Oakland as is evidenced by the fact that Topeka has a city debt of not less than \$40 for every man, woman and child within its limits while Oakland's debt is less than one dollar for each individual. If this could be equalized your invitation would merit consideration."

## WHOLESALE KILLING.

Attempted at Illinois Mine by Means of Infernal Machine.

Collinsville, Ill., July 5.-Investigation by State Mine Inspector Walton Rut-ledge has revealed, according to his statement today that an infernal machine, made by placing a loaded revolver in a tool box containing 25 pounds of giant powder, and connecting the of giant powder, and connecting the trigger by copper wire to the lid of the box, caused the explosion in Consolidated mine No. 17 last Monday, costing the lives of Louis Conna and August Genetti. John Welsh, a miner, was

dangerously injured.

Superintendent Fred Houck of the mine found a blackened revolver near Cruiser St. Louis En Route to Pacific

Mine Iouna a blackened revolver hear the tool box with a wire fastened to the trigger. He called the evidence to the attention of State Mine Inspector Rutledge and an investigation follow-Superintendent Houck said today that he had not been able to find that a vendetta or any labor trouble existed among the miners and can not account for the killing. the evident attempt at wholesale

### THROUGH GEORGIA.

Army Officers to Traverse Route of Sherman's Famous March,

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 5.-Thirtyfour army officers, recent graduates of the military staff college at Leaven-worth, Kan., started this morning from Chickamauga National park on a march that will traverse the route taken by General Sherman's forces in the Atlanta campaign in 1864. They will be more than a week on the way, arriving at Atlanta, July 14. They have as an honorary escort 24 men of the Twelfth cavalry under command of

Problem.

Four Thousand Two Hundred Appeals to General Manager Has Never Been Equaled in Hurley of the Santa Fe.

THIS IS NOT IN FULL. LET THE MEN OFF. RAILROADS LEADERS.

of Absence.

Short Time

"Chalk" Beeson, of Dodge City, Ford county, has appealed to General Mansger J. E. Hurley of the Santa Fe rall way to grant a short leave of absence to all the trackmen, trainmen and shopmen of the company in the "wheat lutely needed to keep the trains running, so that these men may be ployed by the farmers to help in the wheat harvest.

Mr. Beeson told his troubles to Dr. S. J. Crumbine, secretary of the state board of health, when Dr. Crumbine was at Dodge City last Wednesday, He stated that things are in such shape in Ford county that a few days of time in harvesting will mean thousands of deliars more for the farmers. Laborers are almost unobtainable, and Mr. Beeson thinks the Santa Fe can help out materially if it is willing to

Another scheme that has been re-Another scheme that has been re-sorted to at Dodge City is the sugges-tion of George Goberty, the secretary of Congressman Ed Madison. Mr. Goberty has circulated a paper among the merchants at Dodge City agreeing that the merchant will allow all his male cierks to go out and help harvest wheat and that he will stay at home wheat, and that he will stay at home with the female clerks and keep the store open for the accommodation of what few customers have time to come in, Many of the stores in Dodge City will, beginning today, bear the placard, "Closed for the Wheat Har-vest," and the proprietor and all his assistants will go out into the wheat fields, and put in a week or ten days helping save the Ford county wheat. By practically closing up all the stores it is figured that Dodge City can re-lease four or five hundred able bodied harvest hands. Chalk Beeson's scheme to call on the railroad employes will, it is figured, fill up all the needs, and enable Ford county to save its entire crop. The wheat in Ford county is crop. The wheat in Ford county is said :) be unusually good this year.

D. A. Valentine of Clay Center tells a good story of a harvest hands' union which was formed at Clay Center a few days ago, and its ultimate fate.

There were about a dozen or fifteen harvest hands arrived in Clay C last Saturday," said Mr. Valentine, immediately after getting off the train they gathered in the court house square and organized themselves into a union. They elected a president and secretary, and voted that they would not work for less than \$3 per day. The farmers were eager for laborers, and were offering \$2 and \$2.25 per day, but when they found out that the 'union' had been formed to hired out for the prevailing price. T'union' dissolved without formality."

# SORRY TO LEAVE US.

Chinese Ambassador Reaches Chicago En Route for Home.

Chicago, July 5.—Sir Chantung Liang Cheng, the new Chinese minister of foreign affairs and retiring minister from the celestial kingdom to the United States spent one hour here yesterday on his way home to assume the new office and honors that have come to him. At the station Sir Chentung was met by a delegation of Chinese merchants who were most graciously received, Sir Chentung wishes to make all speed possible and reach San Francisco in time to take a steamer leaving there

July 2.
"I regret my departure from the United States," said the distinguished oriental statesman, "and I carry to my ental statesman, and I carry to my land many pleasing remembrances. However, when one's country calls him, one should have no other idea than obedience. The affairs of my country in America will be cared for by the secretary of the legation at Washington jailer's gun. until such time as my successor ar

rives."
Rut"Will the open door policy be mainhis tained in China?" the minister was

asked.
"Most assuredly," he replied. "That is as much or of more advantage to China than to any nation with whom

## MUST EAT IN JAIL.

Schmitz No Longer Permitted to Go Home for Luncheon,

San Francisco, Cal., July 5.—Judge Dunne today put a stop to the liberty allowed Mayor Schmitz when his at-torney, Frank Drew applied for the customary order permitting the convicted mayor to leave the county jail to visit his attorneys and go to his home for luncheon. Judge Dunne ishome for luncheon. Judge Dunne is-sued the order but prescribed while Schmitz might leave the jail to go to the office of his attorneys that he should not be allowed to go to his home and that his absence from the jail should be limited to three hours. Drew became very angry when Judge ball game. The ser favor of the locals. and demanded to know why Abe Ruer is allowed to roam about the series of the locals. is allowed to roam about at will in the companionship of Elisor Biggy and live upon the fat of the land. Judge Dunne declined to change his order.

be more than a week on the way, arriving at Atlanta, July 14. They have as an honorary escort 24 men of the Twelfth cavalry under command of Lieutenant Kimball.

Cirard, July 5.—There was a largely attended celebration in Girard. A parade, an oration by United States Sentator Charles Curts, a ball game and fire works were features. Curtis the Girard Orator.

# Brewery Receivers Given Com- Would Solve the Harvest Hand Amount of New Securities

Created Since January 1.

Same Length of Time.

Will Be Paid More as Occasion Give Railroad Employes Leave Industrials Also Come in for a Generous Amount.

Schlitz Company Must Pay Could Take Care of Wheat in Short Time Notes Are in Excess of Half a Billion.

> New York, July 5.-The amount of new securities created in the United Leaves Pittsfield for Chicago to Testify States for the first half of 1907 has authorized is \$1,278,728,500; already \$799,442,100 has been issued since January 1, leaving \$479,285,400 of this year's output to be sold in addition to a large carry-over from the previous year. The railroads have applied in six months for \$979,446,600, exclusive of \$252,000,000 announced by the Hill roads and St. Paul last December. Industrial needs have been less pressing, yet not so light as the total of \$299,281,900 would indicate.

The most prominent feature of 1907 financing to date has been the unprecedentedly heavy offerings of short notes paying very generous returns to investors—from 5 to 8 per cent and in exceptional cases, even more. Algether \$503,651,000 of this form of curity has been put out.

# IT'S TRUE AFTER ALL.

Naval Story Denied by Loeb Is Confirmed by Secretary Metcalf.

Oakland, Cala., July 5 .- Secretary of the Navy Victor H. Metcalf in an interview has confirmed the report that a large part of the United States navy will be seen in Pacific waters next winter. Eighteen or twenty of the largest battleships will come around Cape Horn on a practice cruise and will be seen in San Francisco harbor. "Many false impressions have gained

circulation about the proposed move-ment of this part of the United States navy," said Secretary Metcalf, "I have held all along that there was practically no significance to this movement from a military standpoint. I might have stated before leaving Washington exact-

fleet in American waters as much as possible. It is also our policy as has been stated, to keep as large a number of battleships together as possible. We might as well spend the money that is devoted to our navy in America ports as abroad. In the past we have sent squadrons to various European nations with less advantage than in keeping them at home.

Are now anticipating a innact to several them at name of foreign and native mischlef makers and adventurers were introduced by the Japanese in the cabinet last Monday but Marquis Ito despairs of saving the emperor himself and the administration is disposed to confine its appeal to the people. Although Ito's administrative them at home.

ed in Pacific waters.
"I hope that the talk of Japanese trouble and of international differences may be dropped by all of the newspapers. There is nothing to produce any feeling except this talk of the newspapers. It is without foundation. The story that Ambassador Aoki is in disfavor with his own government I believe purely an invention. I know of no reason at the present time why Japan and the United States should not be on the friendliest

### TRIED TO BREAK JAIL.

Mutiny of Prisoners Subdued by Jailer Single Handed,

Raton, N. M., July 5.—In an attempt yesterday by half a dozen inmates of the county jail to overcome the jailer and gain their freedom, a prisoner named Brown, the ringlead-

er, was shot and killed.

The attempt was frustrated by the jailer, John Gale, single handed. The other inmates were forced back their cells at the point of the

ACCIDENTS AT HOL/TON.

Usual Number of Injuries on the Fourth-Have Fine Celebration,

Holton, Kan., July 5.—While standing on a chair draping a picture of George Washington with the national colors yesterday, Mrs. E. R. Hawkins of this city fell and broke her

Paul Swetlick, a 12-year-old boy, filled the cylinder of an ordinary bicycle pump with powder and fired it. Fragments of the bomb penetrated his bowels, necessitating a surgical the may not recover. operation. He may not recover.

Miss Emma Evans, telephone operator at Circleville, was knocked down here by a run-away team. One of the horses struck her in the head, but she

was not seriously injured.

There was a big Fourth of July celebration here. Marshall's band from Topeka was here and a number of people from Topeka and other towns. Rev. Charles Rogers of Hutchinson, was the ordering and the research. was the principal speaker.

Holton defeated Horton in a base-ball game. The score was 12 to 4 in

Dr. Warring Is Dead. Poughkeepsie, N. Y., July 5.— Charles Bartlett Warring, Ph. D., author of several well known scientific works, is dead. From 1863 to 1891, except for an interval of a few years, he was proprietor or principal of the Poughkeepsie Military institute.

Weather Indications. Chicago, July 5.—Forecast for Kansas: Fair tonight and Saturday; cooler toFRIDAY EVENING.

FIRST CAR OF NEW WHEAT. Shipped to the Kansas City Market from Pawnee County.

Kansas City, July 5.—"The first car-load of wheat from Pawnee county is on its way to the Kansas City mar-ket," D. A. Ely of Larned, Kan., said at the Union depot last night. "This wheat was raised on the old Fort Larned reservation. It was hauled to the separator direct from the header.

There are 231,000 acres in wheat in Pawnee county this year."

Mr. Ely came to Kansas City yesterday in search of harvest hands. He leaves for Larned today with a party

Labor agents on Union avenue sent two parties each of twenty-five men to Hutchinson and Great Bend last night. Appeals for more men are coming from Russell, Ellinwood and Great Bend.

#### ROCKEFELLER STARTS.

Before Judge Landis.

Chicago, July 5.-John D. Rockefeller will be in Chicago this afternoon or early tomorrow morning, ready to appear as a witness before Judge Kenesaw M. Landis in the federal court in the cases in which the Standard Oll company of Indiana is accused of re-celving rebates from the Chicago & Alton railroad. Mr. Rockefeller will be the guest of his son-in-law, Harold K. McCormick. He will be under the protection of the

He will be under the protection of the United States and secret service officials will see to it that he is not molested or annoyed while under the jurisdiction of Judge Landis' court.

Pittsfield, Mass., July 5.—John D. Rockefeller left Pittsfield last night for Chicago where on Saturday he will be interrogated in the federal court regarding the affairs of the Standard Oil company. Mr. Rockefeller assisted several children staying at the home of his son-in-law, E. Parmalee Prentice, to light fireworks during the Fourth.

Last evening Mr. Prentice took his father-in-law in an automobile to State Line station on the Boston & Albany raliway where the westbound express rallway where the westbound express which left Pittsfield at 8 p. m., was flagged. Mr. Rockefeller will reach Chicago late today.

### JAPANESE DISGUSTED.

Because the Koreans Butted in at The

Hague Conference, Seoul, July 5.-Inquiry shows that general disgust is the main effect among the Japanese as a result of the conspiracy in sending a Korean depu-tation to The Hague, the telegraphic disclosures of which interrupted the a military standpoint. I might have stated before leaving Washington exactly what I am saying now. I thought as the news concerned the people of the Pacific coast today would be an appropriate time to announce the exact plans.

"It is the policy of the navy department at the present time to keep the fleet in American waters as much as possible. It is also our policy as has lossed are now anticipating a miracle in possible. It is also our policy as has lossed are now anticipating a miracle in proceed in fruit in the figures show that this year, as the figures show that this year. The figures show that this year, as the figures show that this year, as the figures show that this year. The figures show that this year. The figures show that this year, as the figures show that this year. The figures show that the figures show that this year. The figures show that the figures show that the figures show that the figures show that this year. The

out that the 'union' had been formed to demand \$3, the farmers simply went away and left the union laborers to themselves. Nobody bothered them, there was no necessity for employing 'scabs.' In about an hour the 'union' members sneaked off one by one and hired out for the prevailing price. The tablishing a blaze of operations and establishing a highway to Manchuria been strikingly unsuccessful in Korea.

Marquis Ito declared that it would require ten years to produce a modern government in Korea while local gov-ernors say that it will take three years to dispose of the abuses and outrages resulting from the contact of the Koreans with the Japanese. The latter are estimated to be now 100,000 strong in Korea.

# IN HONOR OF WRIGHT.

General Baron Kuroki Gives a Lunchcon at Tokio.

Tokio, July 5 .- General Baron Kuroki, the Japanese imperial envoy to the Jamestown exposition, gave a luncheon today in honor of Luke E. Wright, the American ambassador, Field Marshal Oyama, representing the army expressed himself in mos appreciative terms of the magnificen reception accorded General and his party everywhere in the Unit-ed States. His phraseology was one long chain of superlatives of gratify-ing appreciation in which the Japanese language is particularly rich Ambassader Wright made an appropriate reply and most cordial feelings prevailed. The anti-Japanese, or what is known here as the American ques-tion was completely ignored.

#### WHOLE PARTY BLOWN UP

Fireworks Exploded Under Seat of Their Carriage.

Chelsea, Iowa, July 5.—Riding in a carriage to the river a party of a dozen picnickers were suddenly lifted into the air by the explosion of a quantity

the air by the explosion of a quantity of fireworks under the seat.

A careless youth had dropped a lighted cigar into the fireworks. The seat was torn loose, and several of the party literally were lifted into the air. Harry McKenna, Guy Alee and Ruth Boyer are so severely burned that their condition is critical. Of the others, Cecil Boyer, Clyde Bosly, Daisy Kenny, Laura Hall and Tenny Squires all suffered severely. fered severely.

# WORSE THAN WHISKY.

Prof. D. M. Fisk Horrified at the Growing Wealth of Kansas.

Abilene, Kan., July 5.—The first lecture of the county institute was delivered by Prof. D. M. Fisk of Topeka, who declared that the greatest danger of the people of Kansas is their growing wealth. He said that the grasshoppers, the hot winds and the liquor question are minor matters compared with that. He pleaded for a higher education for the common man.

Injured 2,153 as Result of Celebrating the Fourth.

Five More Killed Than Last Year But Fewer Injured.

#### NEW YORK CITY LEADS

Pittsburg Is Second With a Loss of Nine Lives.

Toy Pistol Claims Fewer Victims Than for Last Year.

Chicago, July 5 .- The Tribune today

Thirty-seven men, women and children are dead and 2,153 are maimed, lacerated or burned as a result of yesterday's excess of patriotism in the United States. The number of the dead does not include five drowned during the day. The roster of the dead is five more

than last year's mortality. A year ago 32 persons were dead on the morning after the Fourth, not including five drowned.

Unfortunately the death roll will increase day by day, and even the late days of August will witness additions to Tetanus, that grim aftermath of gun-

powder wounds, claims its victims by scores and even by hundreds for weeks after the Fourth. after the Fourth.

New York leads all the cities of the United States in the number of killed and injured. Ten persons are dead in that city while six more are so seriously hurt that it is expected they will die within a few hours. At the New York hospitals 423 injured persons were treated. No record was made of the number of dispensary cases cared for.

The police doubtless averted a greater casualty lies by arresting 428 men and

casualty list by arresting 428 men and boys for carrying weapons. There were 16 fires in Greater New York during the day. These figures break all Fourth of July records for the big metropolis. Pittsburg, Pa., ran New York a close second in the grim race, nine persons

second in the grim race, nine persons yielding up their lives on the altar of frenzled patriotism.

Chicago, although the second city of the country, added only two dead to the nation's total.

The total number of injured, 2,153, is under last year's figures, which ware

under last year's figures, which were 2,789.

The figures show that this year, as last, the most of the casualties were due to carelessness in handling firecrackers and other forms of "harmless ex-

#### year only 205 victims are reported as against 304 last year. LOST THEIR "GO-DEVIL"

Bruner Forces Defeated in First Battle of Alaska War.

he can not live and nine are more or less seriously injured as a result of the first conflict between the Guggen-heim and Bruner interests at Katalia neim and Bruner interests at Katalia Tuesday. The fight is over a right of way which the Bruner forces are pro-tecting

rages
the tecting.
The Guggenheim interests stationed detachments of armed men at points commanding the disputed ground.
Tony De Pascal, in charge of a party of laborers, started out to lay track over the Bruner right of way under cover of a fire from these camps. A brisk fire was opened from the Bruner camp, but De Pascal's men succeeded in capturing the steel "go-devil" on which the Bruner camp had relied to desiroy the work done by their opponents.

Representatives of the Bruner interests are making every endeavor to have the governor order troops to the scene.

# BROKE HIS HEAD.

Frisco Thugs Attack a Man for Riding on Street Cars.

San Francisco, July 5.-With his skull fractured and face terribly beaten up, George McGuire, local manager of Bradstreet's, was found in a dying of Bradstreet's, was found in a dying condition early today at Jackson and Fillmore streets. According to the story told to the police, McGuire alighted from a street car and started to walk to his home, a distance of three blocks. As he started up the street he was accosted by a couple of men, who, according to a woman who witnessed the affair, asked McGuire if he had ridden on the car. Upon his he had ridden on the car. Upon replying in the affirmative he was upon by the men and beaten into

## NOT BRYCE'S WAY.

He Denies Report of What He Said About Oklahoma.

New York, July 5 .- British Ambas-New York, July 5.—British Ambassador Bryce, in a dispatch to the World from his summer home at Intervale, N. H., declares he did not make the comments on the Okiahoma constitution attributed to him. The dispatch follows:

"Statements you quote as attributed to me regarding merits of Okiahoma constitution wholly unfounded. I invariably refuse to express my opinions on its provisions as I have invariably refused to say anything whatever on any American political question since I came to United States in official capanity."

Grace George Entertains,

London, July 5.—Grace George the American actress, gave a theatrical Fourth of July dinner in this city last night to Charles Frohman and a number of prominent American actors who are now in Lendon.